ALUMINUM-ALKALINE METAL-METAL COMPOSITE CONDUCTOR

CRITICAL NEED

We have all seen or heard about them — sagging or downed high-voltage power lines caused by ice and wind storms. In addition to their mediocre strength, the aluminum-wrapped steel core in conventional power lines is also inefficient at conducting electricity.

TECHNOLOGY VISION

Ames Laboratory scientists have developed a method to produce an aluminum matrix wire composite with reduced density that adds strength to high-voltage wires while helping them retain maximum electrical conductivity at ambient and elevated temperatures.

POTENTIAL IMACT

Taking advantage of simple and conventional manufacturing methods, industry could produce high-voltage power lines with high electrical conductivity and strength using low cost materials. Stronger cables could also reduce the number of towers needed to hold power lines.



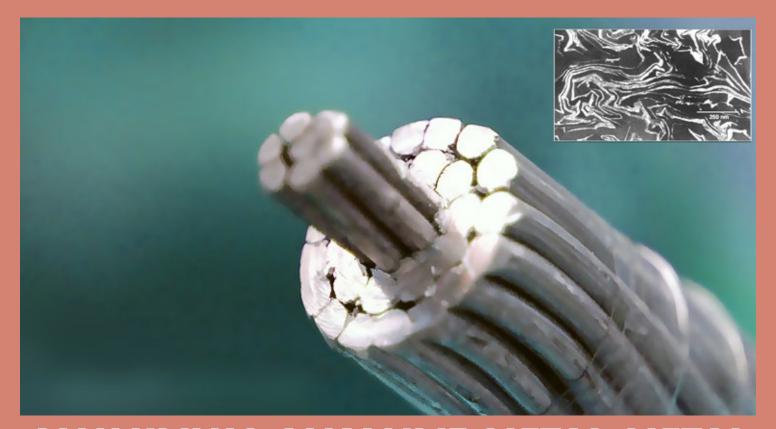




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